Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG
*To be able to look at the person that is talking. *To be able to listen to an adult (no talking). *To be able to sit still for a short period of time during an appropriate activity. *To be able to stop and look when an adult addresses me by name. **To be able to recall what they have heard (in discussions and stories). *** To be able to offer an appropriate response to what has been said.	*To respond to what I have heard using comments or actions. **To make comments using target vocabulary. *To sit still when listening to a story. ***To be able to recognise a pause in conversation as an opportunity to contribute thoughts and views. *** To ensure their contributions are linked to the conversational theme.	*To be still and quiet when listening to the ideas of others. *To be able to answer simple questions with relevant responses. *To be able to retell the key parts of a story. (beginning, middle, end) **To be able to talk to a partner when directed.	*To follow instructions through the use of silent signals. *To be able to follow instructions involving more than one idea or action. *To be able to follow a story without pictures or props. **To know how to start a question (who, what, why, when, how) **To be able to use stem sentences/ starts to support the structure of my answer	*To track the movements of the speaker with 'magnet eyes'. **To be able to answer how and why questions relating to own experiences. ** To ask relevant questions to clarify their understanding. ***Listens and responds to the ideas expressed by others in conversation. ***To hold longer and more involved conversations.	*To activity engage in a lesson. *To listen attentively in a range of situations. *To be able to anticipate key events within a story. **To use target vocabulary in my play. **To ask relevant questions to my peers in my play. **To express an understanding of what has been taught through comment making.	Children at the expected level of development will: * Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and action when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. ** Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. ***Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher an peers.
*To be able to listen to an adult (no talking) *To be able to recall what has been said (to demonstrate comprehension) *To use a clear diction so as to be understood. *To use appropriate sentence structures in my utterances. **To be able to use 'target vocabulary' in our comments. ***To be able to contribute a linked comment (to support conversation).	*To be able to recognise a pause in conversation as an opportunity to contribute thoughts and views. *To ensure their contributions are linked to the conversational theme and use 'target vocabulary'. *To listen to others without talking. **To be able to offer short comments or explanations about topics of interest.	*To be able to indicate a contribution to the theme by putting hand up. *To be able to wait quietly until asked for your view. *To listen to others contributions whilst waiting. *To modify their contribution in light of others comments. *To offer my contribution when asked using 'target vocabulary'. **To make relevant comments about the knowledge I have learnt.	***To be able to use full sentences to clearly express an idea. ***To be able to offer more than one idea by using the conjunction 'and'. *To use target vocabulary in my contributions. **To be able to answer 'why' questions with some accuracy. **To be able to listen to and recall some rhymes or poems I have learnt. ***To be able to use the past and present tense correctly using modelled sentence structures.	***To be able to extend my sentences by using conjunctions (after teacher modelling). ***To offer explanations using the conjunction 'because'. ***To be able to use the past, present and future tense correctly using modelled sentence structures. **To be able to use full and coherent explanations for the knowledge I have learnt.	** To be able to use target vocabulary to offer explanations for why things might happen and when sharing my own ideas. ***To be able to extend my sentences, using the conjunctions I know. **To be able to perform some rhymes and poetry that I have learnt. *** To be able to use the past, present and future tenses in the flow of everyday conversation.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. **Offer explanations for why things might happen, making us of recently introduced vocabular from stories, non-fiction, rhyme and poems when appropriate. **Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including us of past, present and future tense and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.
	*To be able to listen to an adult (no talking). *To be able to sit still for a short period of time during an appropriate activity. *To be able to stop and look when an adult addresses me by name. **To be able to recall what they have heard (in discussions and stories). **** To be able to offer an appropriate response to what has been said. *To be able to listen to an adult (no talking) *To be able to recall what has been said (to demonstrate comprehension) *To use a clear diction so as to be understood. *To use appropriate sentence structures in my utterances. **To be able to use 'target vocabulary' in our comments. ***To be able to contribute a linked comment (to	*To be able to listen to an adult (no talking). *To be able to sit still for a short period of time during an appropriate activity. *To be able to stop and look when an adult addresses me by name. **To be able to recall what they have heard (in discussions and stories). ***To be able to offer an appropriate response to what 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Development Matters taken from objectives Knowledge

Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as: "Get your coat and wait at the door". (following instructions for bread making)

Use a wider range of vocabulary (friendship, family, kindness, school, Diwali (STC))

Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns (talk partners, teachers and other adults in school)

(Geography) (PSHE)

To talk in sentences using a range of tenses (sharing Magical Me box with peers)

Be able to express a view point and to debate when they disagree with an adult or friend, using words as well as actions (PSHE) (R.E)

Sing a large repertoire of songs (Christmas performance, singing assemblies) (Music)

Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story (Nativity, Supertato) (Reading)

Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" (Nativity, emergency services)

(Science) (Reading) (R.E)

Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult (emergency services visit)

Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important (assemblies, carpet sessions) (Reading)

Develop social phrases (PSHE)

Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them (Buzz Aldrin, planet facts) (Science) (R.E)

Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences (talk partners, planet fact files)

(Science)

To engage in non-fiction books (Reading)

Use new vocabulary through the day (Buzz Aldrin, space, solar system, planets)

(Science)

Learn new vocabulary Buzz Aldrin, space, solar system, planets)

(Science)

Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding (Aliens Love Underpants by Claire Freedman and Ben Cort) (Reading) (R.E)

Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.

(PSHE) (Science)

Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. (Reading)

Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives (and, because)

To engage in non-fiction books (Reading)

Describe events in some detail (school trip tbc)
(Science) (R.E)

Learn new vocabulary (Dinosaurs, extinction, extinct, fossil, prehistoric, herbivore, excavate)

Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words (Dinosaurs Love Underpants by Claire Freedman and Ben Cort) (Reading)

Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. (Music)

Learn rhymes, poems and songs. (Music) (Reading)

To ask questions to find out more and check they understand what has been said to them

Describe events in some detail (school trip tbc)

Learn new vocabulary (animal, habitat, herbivore, carnivore, omnivore)

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding (school trip visit)

Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. (Easter holidays, school trip, favourite animals) (PSHE)

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. (Jack and The Beanstalk By Susanna Davidson) (Reading)

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. (carpet sessions, 1:1, assemblies) (Science)

Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth

exchanges with their teacher and peers.

Participate in small group, class

and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. (traditional tales, beanstalk, Giant) (R.E)

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher. (end of year report, YR1) (PSHE) (R.E)

	Personal, Social and Emotional Development - Self-Regulation / Managing Self/Building Relationships									
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG			
Skills	*To know some words to describe feelings. **To know how to ask for something I want. **To know how to wait my turn. ***To know how to stop, look, listen and respond when their name is called. ***To be able to follow a simple instruction involving 1 idea or action after modelling from an adult.	*To be able to name the feeling they are experiencing. *To know how their body changes when they are experiencing different feelings. *To know some strategies to manage strong feelings. *To recognise similarities and differences between myself and another. **To know how to take turns with resources with support from an adult.	*To know how to manage my own feelings. *To know how to remain calm when experiencing strong feelings. *&**To know how to show positivity. **To know how to use timers to support turn taking.	*To be able to recognise the feelings of others. *To be able to understand how my actions may affect the feelings of others. **To know how to manage turn taking with independence. ***To know how to follow instructions involving 2 ideas or actions.	*To be able support others when they are experiencing strong emotions. *&**To know how to resolve a conflict with another child. **To be able to complete a goal set by an adult. ***To be able to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.	*To be able to manage my own feelings when changes occur. **To be able to set myself a goal. **To know how to stay motivated when challenges occur. ***To be able to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. **Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. ***Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.			
is	*To be able to try a new activity with an adult (1:1) **To be able to walk around the classroom. **To know how to tidy the classroom. **To know how to stand in a line. ***To know how to ask to go to the toilet. ***To know how to use the toilet appropriately. ***To know how to wash my hands. ***To know how to ask for support.	*To be able to try a new activity within a small group. *To be able to explain some of the things I am good at. **To know what kind and unkind words are. ***To know how to take items of clothing on and off (jumpers, coats).	*To be able to try a new activity by myself after modelling from an adult. **To recognise that some actions have consequences. **To be able to name our school values.	*To be able to try a new activity without prompting from an adult (independence) ***To know the foods that are healthy and unhealthy for me. ***To know and explain why sleep in important. ***To know and explain why exercise is important.	*To be able to complete a new activity (resilience) **To be able to name and talk about the school rules. **To be able to name some actions we can take to show respect to ourselves and others.	*To be able to complete a new and challenging activity (perseverance) **To be able to understand and explain what our school rules are and why they are important. ***To be able to make a range of healthy choices throughout the day.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. **Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. ***Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.			

*To be able to use the wor 'please' and 'thank you'. *To know how to ask for a resource and wait until it is handed to me. **To know how to greet someone. ***To know how to communicate a need to an adult.	*To look and respond to another child when I am spoken to. *To be able listen to the ideas of another child (without interrupting). *To be able to share my own ideas with another child. ***To know how to ask how someone else is feeling.	*To know how to act upon the ideas or wishes of other children. *To be able to share my ideas with a group of children. **To be able to ask others about their likes and dislikes. ***To know that others may not like the same things as me.	*To be able to develop the ideas of others, engaging in back and forth exchanges. *To be able to ask others questions. ***To know how to offer help to someone else. **To understand the difference between trusted adults and strangers.	*To know how to work cooperatively with a range of children or adults. (unfamiliar) **To know how to encourage others to join in with play.	*To know how to develop the ideas of others and engage in conversation with a range of children / adults. ***To accept when others needs are put before my own.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. **Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. ***Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.
Select and use activities an resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them (scissors for cutting and school Values) (DT) (PSHE) Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a communi (school expectations and Values) (PSHE) (R.E) Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas (Learning Partners, roleplate (PSHE)) Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important (carpet sessions, Values and Redwell Rules) (PSHE) Be increasingly independer in meeting their own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing are drying their hands thoroughly. (PSHE) (PE)	with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting (Learning partners, continuous provision groups, school nurse) (PSHE) Show more confidence in new social situations (assemblies, Book Time) (PSHE) Help to find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas (PSHE) Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them (PE, lunchtimes, daily activities) (Computing) (PSHE) Talk with others to solve conflicts (school rules, regulation station) (PSHE)	Think about the perspectives of others (PSHE) (R.E) Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others (PSHE sessions, friendships) (PSHE) (R.E) See themselves as a valuable individual (talk about similarities and differences of themselves and others) (PSHE) (R.E) To manage their own needs (using cutlery, preparing snacks, toileting, dressing) (Science) (PSHE)	Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally (behaviour expectations and Values) (PSHE) Build constructive and respectful relationships (children and teachers in EYFS and the wider school) (PSHE) (R.E) Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge (taking risks during PE and outdoor learning) (Computing) (PSHE)	Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate (carpet discussions, turn taking) (PSHE) Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. (PSHE) Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge (school trip, PE, outdoor learning) (PSHE) Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly (Redwell Rules, school Values) (PSHE) Manage their own basic hygiene and personal	Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly (regulation station) (PSHE) Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge (Sports Day, Values Day) (Computing) Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. (Computing) Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others (Learning partners and continuous provision) (PSHE) Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers (own class, department and playground) (PSHE)	

Develop appropriate ways of being assertive (PSHE) Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried' (PSHE sessions, carpet sessions, family, school, friendship) (PSHE)	Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing. (PSHE) (PE) (Science) Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health	Rec	lw	needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices (PE, snack time, toileting) (PSHE)	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. (PSHE)	
	and wellbeing: • regular physical activity • healthy eating • toothbrushing • sensible amounts of 'screen time' (Computing) • having a good sleep routine • being a safe pedestrian (PSHE) (PE) (Science)					

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG
ιο.	*To be able to keep my head up when moving. *To be able to stay within marked areas. *To be able to stop and stand still when asked. *To be able to change direction after stopping. **To be able to maintain balance on both legs, standing still for 10 seconds. ***To be able to side-step in both directions. ***To be able to gallop, leading with either foot. ***To be able to hop on either foot. ***To be able to skip (without skipping rope).	*To be able to share resources with others. *To be able to share a space with others. **To be able to balance in a seated position without hands / feet touching floor. ***To be able to jump from 2 feet to 2 feet - forwards, backwards and side to side.	*To be able to understand and follow simple rules. ** To be able to balance along a line with fluidity (forwards and backwards). **To be able to balance on a low beam for 10 seconds.	*To be able to work with a partner. **To maintain control of a ball whilst sitting. **To maintain control of a ball whilst standing. **To perform a counter-balance with a partner: sitting and standing	**To be able to roll a ball and collect the rebound. **To be able to throw a ball and collect the rebound with 2 hands. **To be able to throw and catch a ball after one bounce **To be able to react quickly to catch a ball. ***To be able to move confidently in different ways. ***To be able to perform a small range of skills and link two movements together.	*To be able to shift weight, rather than tilting body when moving hands and feet. **To be able to hold a minifront support position. **To be able to balance and control objects whilst in a minifront support position. ***To be able to chase a ball (starting in a balanced position)	Children at the expected level of development will: *Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. **Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. ***Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.
Skills	*To know that we use three fingers to hold a pencil. *To know that our pointing finger and our thumb hold the pencil. *To know that our middle finger supports the pencil. **To know how to use whole hand grasp scissors (loop scissors). ***To be able to draw lines and circles in my drawings.	*To be able to pick up a pencil with 3 fingers with my dominant hand. *To be able to sit on a chair when writing. (Feet flat, back straight) **To know how to use long loop scissors. **To know how to hold a paintbrush **To be able to use a spoon to scoop. ***Be able to draw squares and rectangles in my drawings.	*To maintain a '3 friends hold' when writing for short periods of time with an adult. *To only use my dominant hand when writing. *To be able to use my non-dominant hand to support the paper. **To know how to hold a pair of scissors using the conventional hold. **To be able to create vertical and horizontal strokes with a paintbrush.	*To maintain a '3 friends hold' when writing for short periods of time independently. **To know how to use scissors to cut straight and curved lines. **To be able to thread and weave on a large scale. ***Be able to draw triangles in my drawings. **To know how to use a toothbrush effectively.	*To maintain a '3 friends hold' when writing for longer periods. **To be able to use scissors to cut through a range of materials. **To know how to cut and prepare food using cutlery. ***To be able to form most lowercase letters with accuracy.	*To maintain a '3 friends hold' when writing for longer periods. **To be able to cut out more complex shapes with scissors. **To know how to use graters, strainers, squeezers and other utensils. **To be able to thread and weave on a small scale (sewing). ***To be able to add details to my drawings.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing — using the tripod grip in almost all cases. **Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery. ***Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Development Matters taken from objectives Knowledge

Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks (PE sessions, outdoor learning, Wriggle Whilst You Wriggle) (DT) (Art) (Music) (PE)

Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams (playtimes, outdoor learning, provision and PE) (PE)

Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel (DT) (Art)

Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks (outdoor learning) (PE)

Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors (creative, mark making activities) (DT) (Art)

Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils (Art) (Writing)

Show a preference for a dominant hand (independent and adult led writing tasks) (Writing)

Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills (PE and outdoor learning sessions) (PE)

Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues (PE, outdoor learning and music sessions) (PE)

Increasingly be able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm (Rhyme Time assemblies, Christmas performance) (PE) (Music)

Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width (Kinetic Letters) (Computing) (PE)

Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips (PSHE)

Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing (Supertato story, emergency service visits, school nurse visit, self-regulation station, mindful minute)

Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired (PE sessions, pencil grip, Kinetic Letters) (Writing) (PE)

Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons (Dough Disco, preparing snack using cutlery) (DT) (Computing) (Art) (Writing)

Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor (Kinetic Letters) (DT) (Art) (Writing) (PE)

Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully (Daily routines, responsibility for own belongings) (PSHE) Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace (walking, negotiating space, outdoor learning and playtime) (DT) (PE)

Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming (Art) (PE)

Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group (PE apparatus, outdoor trim trail-climbing, over, under, balancing on equipment)

Develop overall bodystrength, balance, coordination and agility (Writing) (PE) Combine different movements with ease and fluency (PE, outdoor learning, negotiating space) (Music) (PE)

Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming (PE and outdoor learning) (PE)

Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball (PE)

Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient (Kinetic Letters) (Writing) Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others (PSHE) (PE)

Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing (PE)

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. (PE)

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases (Kinetic Letters, writing activities) (Art) (Writing)

Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery (DT) (Art) (Writing)

Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing (Traditional Tale characters) (Art) (Writing)

Autumn 1: You \	Literacy - Comprehension / Word Reading / Writing								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG		
<u>s</u>	*To be able to recall the characters and some key events from a story. **To comment on the predictions of key event in stories made by my teacher. ***To say and use some new vocabulary in my comments.	*To be able to order and sequence a familiar story. **To offer simple predictions about characters or settings. ***To use new vocabulary when speaking to a partner.	*To be able to retell the key parts of a story in my own words. (beginning, middle, end) **To offer simple predictions about key events in stories. ***To use new vocabulary within structure sentences (sentence stems)	*To be able to use some story language to retell a familiar story. (Key events) **To provide relevant predictions about key events in stories. ***To use new vocabulary with accuracy within the answers I provide.	*To be able to use new vocabulary when retelling stories (to add detail) **To listen and respond to the predictions made by others. ***To be able to recall facts using target vocabulary.	*To be able to retell stories and narratives to others using my words /new and target vocabulary ***To be able to use new vocabulary with accuracy in my play. **To be able to provide accurate or relevant predictions for key events in stories. **To be able to offer explanations for my predictions.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. **Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories. ***Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.		
Skills	*To be able to read the following individual letters by saying sounds for them: masdtInpgockubfel hrjvywzx **Be able to jump in when they hear the blend in words.	*To be able to read the following individual letters by saying sounds for them: masdtlnpgockubfe lhrjvywzx **Be able to blend sounds into words orally. **Be able to read CV and CVC words containing the sounds I know.	*To be able to read the following digraphs by saying a sound for them: sh th ch qu ng nk **To be able to read CVC words containing the sounds I know. *To be able to spot the digraphs I have been taught in words.	*To be able to read the following digraphs by saying a sound for them: sh th ch qu ng nk **To be able to read words containing new sounds. ***To be able to read simple phrases containing the sounds I know. ***To be able to read a few common exception words.	*To be able to read the following digraphs / trigraphs by saying a sound for them: ay ee igh ow oo oo **To be able to read words containing new sounds. ***To be able to read simple sentences from Red level books. ***To be able to read the common exception words that appear in red level books.	*To be able to read the following digraphs / trigraphs by saying a sound for them: ar or air ir ou oy **To be able to read words containing new sounds. ***To be able to read simple sentences from Green level books. ***To be able to read the common exception words that appear in Green level books.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. **Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by soundblending. **Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.		

	*To be able to write the letters h, n, m, r, b and p. (Jumper family) **To be able to segment CV and CVC words containing the single letter sounds I know after modelling from an adult. **To be able to build CV and CVC words (magnetic tiles) after modelling from an adult	*To be able to write the letters c, o, a, d, g and s (Abracadabra family) I, t, I, u (Window cleaner family) **To be able to segment CV and CVC words containing the single letter sounds I know after modelling from an adult. **To be able to build CV and CVC words (magnetic tiles) after modelling from an adult	*To be able to write the letters: y, f, g, j (Fisher family) v, w, x, z, k (Slider family) **To be able to use my fingers to help me segment words. **To be able to segment CVC words with some independence. **To be able to hear the initial sound in words. ***To be able to orally hold a sentence. ***To be able to record facts within a fact file using short phrases and captions.	*To be able to write most letters using taught formation. *To be able to write some capital letters (Kinetic Letters) **To be able to write some words containing digraphs. ***To be able to write short phrases containing the tricky words 'I' and 'the'. ***To be able to write instructions using short phrases and captions. ***To be able to use spaces between my words.	*To be able to write some capital letters **To be able to count the sounds in words when segmenting. **To be able to write some tricky words with accuracy. ***To be able to write a short sentence after holding it first. ***To be able to re-read my writing. ***To be able to write a narrative using short sentences. ***To be able to write a letter using short sentences.	*To be able to write some capital letters !To be able to snuggle letters into words. ***To be able to use a capital letter at the beginning of a sentence. ***To be able to use a full stop at the end of a sentence. ***To be able to write a sentence after holding it first. ***To be able to write a narrative using vocabulary I have been taught. ***To be able to write a report using vocabulary and facts that I have been taught.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. **Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters. ***Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
Knowledge objectives taken from Development Matters	Understand the five key concepts about print: • print has meaning • print can have different purposes • we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom • the names of the different parts of a book • page sequencing Develop their phonological awareness (RWI progression) (Reading) Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary (The Little Red Hen, friendship, kindness, school, family, safe) (Reading)	Understand the five key concepts about print: • print has meaning • print can have different purposes (Thank you cards to superheroes and letters to Santa) (Writing) • we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom (Book Time) • the names of the different parts of a book page sequencing Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them (RWI progression) (Reading) Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme (RWI group dependent) (Reading) Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words (Reading)	Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment (Reading) Form lower-case and capital letters correctly (Kinetic Letters) (Writing) Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s (Writing)	Write short sentences with words with known sound-letter correspondences using a capital letter and full stop (Animal fact file) (Writing) Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense (Reading) Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary (Reading) Anticipate – where appropriate key events in stories (Monkey Puzzle) (Reading) Use and understand recently introduced	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary (Reading) Anticipate – where appropriate key events in stories (story, character, setting, sequence, a long time ago, once upon a time, happily ever after, main event, beginning, middle, end, beanstalk, Giant) (Reading) Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play (once upon a time, happily ever after, beanstalk, Giant) (Reading) Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs (Reading)	

Write some or all of their name (Morning job) (Writing) Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them (RWI progression) (Reading)	list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy (roleplay, labelling models/work) (Writing) Write some or all of their name (Writing) Write some letters accurately (Kinetic Letters) (Writing) Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them (Reading) Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme (RWI group dependent) (Reading)	vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role- play. (Animal, habitat, home, herbivore, carnivore) (Reading) Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters (Writing) (Reading)	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending (RWI Green Level) (Reading) Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words (Reading) Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed (story writing) (Writing) Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters (Reading) (Writing) Write simple phrases and sounds sounds that can be read by
	dependent) (Reading)		Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others. (Writing)

	Mathematics – Number / Numerical Patterns									
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG			
		*To know that 2 is made up of 1 and another 1. *To be able to recognise when a collection is composed of 3 or not 3. **To know how to subitise within 3.	.**To be able to recognise die patterns to 6. ***To know the different ways that 5 can be partitioned. * To know that 6 is made	**To be able to recall number bonds to 10. *To understand the composition of 9.	***To know how to combine 2 groups to find the whole. ***To be able to explore subtraction within 10. *To count to 20.	***To use the language of doubles to describe dice patterns. ***To be able to make double patterns on fingers. ***To recognise and explore doubling facts.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. **Subitise (recognise quantities)			
Skills		**To know how to represent quantities on their fingers in different ways. *To be able to use a part whole model to explore composition of numbers to 5. *To investigate ways to compose and decompose sets of 2 and 3. **To be able to subitise to 4. ***To be able to make collections of 5 in different ways. *To investigate ways to compose and decompose sets of 4 and 5. **To be able to subitise to 5. **To be able to visualise and describe arrangements of 5 dots	up of '5 and a bit more'. *To know that 7 is made up of '5 and 2 more'. **To know how to subitise arrangements of 6. *To know how to represent 8 as '5 and 3 more.' *To understand the composition of 7. *To use fingers to show numbers to 8. **To use conceptual subitising strategies to derive dice patterns to 8.				without counting) up to 5. ***Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.			

	To know how to compare quantities of identical and non-identical objects.	*To know how to count to 5. *To be able to hear and join in with the counting sequence through using songs, sounds, actions and rhymes. *To know that the last number in a count tells us how many. **To be able to find one more than a number. **To be able to find one less than a number. **To be able to compare two sets of objects and say which is more and which is fewer. **To be able to say when there is an equal number. **To be able to describe patterns within the number 4. *To be able to make patterns of 4.	***To use their fingers to represent quantities to 5 and to begin to represent quantities to 10 **To know how to compare groups up to 10. **To develop their understanding of equal amounts. **To recognise numerals to 5. ***To be able to recognise and order numerals to 5. ***To be able to match numerals to representations. **Use more and fewer than to describe quantities.	*To know how to count to 10. *To hear and join in with the counting sequence to 10.	***To be able to add and subtract by counting on and counting back. *To be able to count to 20. **To be able to describe the 1 more / 1 less relationship of numbers to 10. ***Ordering quantities to 10.	***To recognise and explore halving facts. ***To recognise and explore doubling facts	Children at the expected level of development will: *Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. **Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. ***Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.
Knowledge objectives taken from Development Matters	Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc.	Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). Recite numbers past 5. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles	Count beyond ten. Compare numbers. Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.	Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills. Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers can. Compare length, weight and capacity.	Explore the composition of numbers to 10. Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0–10. Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;	Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system; Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.	

Talk about and identify the	and cuboids) using
patterns around them. For	informal and mathematical
example: stripes on culothes,	language: 'sides', 'corners';
designs on rugs and	'straight', 'flat', 'round'.
wallpaper. Use informal	
language like 'pointy',	Understand position
'spotty', 'blobs' etc.	through words alone.
	(Geography)
Count objects, actions and Sounds.	Describe a familia acuta
Sounds.	Describe a familiar route.
Link the number symbol	(Geography)
(numeral) with its cardinal	Discuss routes and
number value.	locations, using words like
number value.	'in front of' and 'behind'.
Continue, copy and create	(Geography)
	(Geography)
repeating patterns.	Make comparisons
	between objects relating
	to size, length, weight and
	capacity.
	capacity.
	Select shapes
	appropriately: flat surfaces
	for building, a
	triangular prism for a roof
	etc.
	Combine shapes to make
	new ones - an arch, a
	bigger triangle etc.
	Extend and create ABAB
	patterns – stick, leaf, stick.
	Notice and correct an error
	in a repeating pattern.
	Begin to describe a
	sequence of events, real or
	fictional, using words such
	as 'first', 'then'

	Understanding the World – Past and Present / People Culture and Communities / The Natural World								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG		
Skills	*To be able to name the people that are important to me. *To be able to name the people that live in my home. **To be able to name and talk about what is happening in my life now. ***To be about to recall character names and settings in books.	*To offer comments about the people that are important to me. *To be able to name and describe my family. **To be able to recall some events that happened in the recent past. ***To be able to name what is happening in the present within stories.	*To offer comments and explanations about the important people in my life. **To be able to use photos to discuss memories within my own past. **To be able to describe events from the recent past using target vocabulary: yesterday, last week etc. ***To be able to put events in order within a story.	*To be able to name and describe some of the different roles in society. * To be able to name and think about the roles I would like to do in the future. **To know and name how I have changed over time. ***To be able to recognise when a story is set / is referring to the past in the stories I listen to.	*To make links between roles in society and the people that are important to me. *To be able to name some similarities and differences between roles. **To be able to name some similarities and differences in myself and others from the past and present. ***To be able to offer comments and show an understanding of the past when encountered in stories. ***To know the names and roles of some significant individuals from the past.	*To be able to talk confidently about the people around me and their roles in society. *To be able to use target vocabulary with accuracy when describing different roles. **To be able to talk about the similarities and differences between the past and present in a range settings (people, places etc). ***To be able to offer explanations about the past when encountered in stories. ***To know the names and roles of some significant individuals from the past.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. **Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. ***Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.		
O)	*To be able to name familiar places, buildings and settings. **To be able to name and talk about some special times in my life. **To name some features of a Christian wedding. ***To be able to make comments about my life: food, home, routines, weather etc.	*To be able to describe familiar settings (my home, my school, my road) **To name some features of a Christening and Baptism. **To name some ways Muslims and Sikhs celebrate the arrival of a baby. **To be able to locate land and water on a map or globe.	*To be able to name the town I live in. *To be able to use simple maps. **To make comments on some of the groups that I belong to. **To talk about the interests I share with others. ***To name the country I live in.	*To be able to use key vocabulary when making observations. *To be able to draw and use maps within my play. **To make comments and show an understanding of the religious groups in the community. **To name and recognise some symbols belonging to Judaism. **To talk about belonging to the community. **To be able to name other countries in the world.	*To be able to make comments about the different environments found in texts. *To be able to draw and use maps within my play. **To be able to name special books belonging to different religions. **To be able to retell some religious stories. ***To be able to recall some facts about life in other countries.	*To be able to compare Wellingborough to the environments found in stories / non-fiction texts. *To be able to locate features of my immediate environment on a map. **To be able to retell some religious stories. ***To be able to explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and another country.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. **Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. **Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.		
	Mary Sch								

	*To know the names of	*To be able to use the	*To be able to name	*To be able to name the	*To be able to make	*To be able to make detailed	Children at the expected level of
	natural objects.	senses to describe natural	different parts of an	different parts of a plant.	detailed observations of	observations of animals, plants	development will:
	*To be able to name	objects.	animal.	*To be able to take care	animals, plants and natural	and natural objects.	*Explore the natural world
	different animals.	*To observe, explore and	*To be able to recall the	of a plant and animal.	objects.	*To be able to compare	around them, making
	**To be able to name	draw natural objects.	names of an animal's	*To be able to draw	**To make comments	animals and plants.	observations and drawing
	different types of weather.	**To be able to name and	young.	plants.	about the similarities of my	**To recognise the similarities	pictures of animals and plants.
	***To be able to name the	describe the daily weather.	*To be able to draw	**To be able to describe	immediate environment	and differences between the	**Know some similarities and
	current season.	**To be able to describe	animals.	and make comments on	and another environment.	immediate environment and a	differences between the natural
	***To be able to explore the	what they see, hear and	**To be able to use	the different settings	***To be able to identify	contrasting environment.	world around them and
	texture and movement of	feel outside.	target vocabulary to	found in books and	objects that float and sink.	***To be able to offer	contrasting environments,
	water.	***To be able to make	name and describe	nursery rhymes.	***To be able to talk and	comments about how objects	drawing on their experiences and
	***To explore the sounds	comments about autumnal	natural and man-made	***To be able to recall	the differences between	float and sink.	what has been read in class.
	that different objects make.	changes.	features found outside.	and observe the changes	Autumn and Spring.	***To explore and explain how	***Understand some important
	***To know how to use a	***To be able to describe	***To be able to offer	from seed / bulb to	***To explore how sound	light can travel through	processes and changes in the
	torch.	and explore ice.	comments on freezing	plant.	can cause vibrations.	different materials.	natural world around them,
	***To explore magnets.	*To be able to describe the	and melting water.	***To recall some	***To comment and	***To be able to make	including the seasons and
		sound objects make.	***To be able offer	purposes of water.	demonstrate how a	comments about the	changing states of matter.
		***To know how to create	comments about the	***To know the names	shadow is made.	differences between Spring and	
		a shadow with a torch.	differences between	of the 4 seasons.	***To be able to describe	Summer.	
		***To make comments on	Autumn / Winter.	***To identify my own	the process of melting		
		the materials that magnets	***To know how to	shadow.	food (e.g. chocolate).		
		attract.	make changes to sounds	***To offer explanations	C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
			– softer, louder.	on the materials	1 1		
			40000	magnets attract/repel.			
	Use all their senses in hands-	Show interest in different	Talk about members of	Explore the natural	Explore the natural world	Talk about the lives of the	
	on exploration of natural	occupations (PSHE)	their immediate family	world around them	around them (Science)	people around them and their	
c	materials (Geography)		and community (PSHE)	(Geography)		roles in society (PSHE)	
5	(Science)	Explore how things work	77		Describe what they see,		
٤		(DT) (Computing) (Science)	Compare and contrast	Describe what they see,	hear and feel	Know some similarities and	
T (0	Explore collections of		characters from stories,	hear and feel	whilst outside (Science)	differences between things in	
e ::	materials with similar and/or	Talk about the differences	including figures from	whilst outside (Science)	and the same of th	the past and now, drawing on	
 	different properties	between materials	the past (History)	(Science)	Understand the effect of	their experiences and what has	
at ti	(Science)	and changes they notice	100		changing seasons on the	been read in class (Reading)	
⊕ ≥		(Science)	Draw information from a	Recognise some	natural world around them		
	Begin to understand the		simple map (Geography)	environments that are	(Science)	Understand the past through	
dges objective taken evelopment Matters	need to respect and care for	Continue developing		different from the one in		settings, characters and events	
ا غ اق	the natural environment and	positive attitudes about	Recognise that people	which they live	Talk about the lives of the	encountered in books read in	
무	all living things (Geography)	the differences between	have different beliefs	(Geography) (Science)	people around them and	class and storytelling (Reading)	
) S	(Science)	people (PSHE) (R.E)	and celebrate special		their roles in society		
ا ق ق			times in different ways		(History)	Describe their immediate	
80 8	Talk about what they see,	Name and describe people	(R.E)			environment using knowledge	
<u> </u>	using a wide vocabulary	who are familiar to them	1 h		Know some similarities and	from observation, discussion,	
≥	(Science)	(PSHE)	Recognise some		differences between things	stories, non-fiction texts and	
			similarities and	1000	in the past and now,	maps (Geography) (Reading)	
	T T II I	Comment on images of	differences between life	Seed to the Control of	drawing on their		
[2]	Talk about members of their						
Knowledges objective taken from Development Matters	immediate family	familiar situations	in this country and life in		experiences and what has	Know some similarities and	
Kno			in this country and life in other countries	rys	experiences and what has been read in class (History)	Know some similarities and differences between different	
Knc	immediate family	familiar situations	in this country and life in	rys			

Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history (sharing Magical Me	Understand that some places are special to members of their			Understand the past through settings, characters and events	communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in	
boxes) (History) (Science)	community	C 10		encountered in books read	class.	
(PSHE)	1040		10.00	in class and storytelling		
	Recognise that people	The Day	AL 100 ME	(History)	Explain some similarities and	
Know that there are	have different beliefs				differences between life in this	
different countries in the	and celebrate special times			Know some similarities and	country and life in other	
world and talk about the	in different ways (PSHE)			differences between the	countries, drawing on	
differences they have	1			natural world around them	knowledge from stories, non-	
experienced or seen in			3.74	and contrasting	fiction texts and – when	
photos (Magical Me box) (Geography) (PSHE)				environments, drawing on their experiences and what	appropriate – maps.	
(Geography) (PSHE)			/ \		(Geography) (R.E)	
Plant seeds and care for growing plants. (story time) (Science) Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. (story time) (Science)				has been read in class (Geography) (Science) Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter (Geography) (Science)	Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants (Science) (Geography) Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences	
			1	1	and what has been read in class (Geography) (Science)	

	Expressive Arts and Design – Creating with Materials / Being Imaginative and Expressive							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	ELG	
	Self - Portraits	Painting	Sculptures: Clay	Natural Sculptures	Printing	Textiles and Materials	Children at the expected level of development will:	
	*To be able to draw straight and curved lines to form different shapes. **To be able to have a purpose for my creation. **To be able to give meaning to the marks I make. **To be able to say what I like about my creation. ***To be able to use available props to support my play.	*To know how to use a paintbrush. *To know how to pour my own paint. *To be able to mix paint to create different colours. **To be able to name some of the steps taken to make my creation. ***To be able to form my own ideas for props.	*To be able to use tools to mould, shape and add texture to clay. *To be able to add water to clay to support moulding. **To be able to talk about the process in 3 steps: First, Next, Then. ***To be able to make simple props using a range of materials.	*To be able to carve and shape natural materials. *To be able to select and gather my own materials. *To be able to create patterns with natural materials. *To be able to join 2 materials together (tape).	*To make copies using printing. *To be able to use engraving. *To be able to use an ink roller.	***To be able to use joining techniques to join materials together. *To be able to make play dough. **To be able to plan a creation. **To be able to reflect on and improve my creation. ***To be able to create costumes to support my role play.	*Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. **Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. ***Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories	
Skills	**To sing along with a pre- recorded song and add actions **To be able to copy rhythm patterns with simple actions. **To explore the sounds different instruments make.	**To use available props to support storytelling. *To be able to use small word to engage in imaginative play. **To be able to find the pulse in music by following the lead of an adult. **To be able to copy basic rhythm patterns of single words. **To be able to explore high and low using voices and sounds of characters in the songs. **To play a piece of percussion in time with music.	**To use key story language. **To be able to recognise high and low pitch sounds on a glockenspiel. **To be able to perform taught nursery rhymes, adding actions or dance. **To be able to find the pulse in music by following the lead of an adult.	**To have a clear story structure (Beg, mid, end) *To be able to make and create props to support storytelling. **To be able to listen to and make comments about high quality music. **To sing along with a backing track. **To be able to find the pulse when listening to music. (through actions)	*To be able to negotiate different roles within role play / story telling. *To be able to engage in imaginative play in a number of settings. **To be able to invent a pattern using one pitched note. **To be able to copy basic rhythm patterns with short phrases from songs. **To be able to perform a range of nursery rhymes, adding a simple instrumental part.	*To be able to take on different roles within storytelling. **To be able to play some tuned and untuned instruments musically. **To be able to create simple 2-note patterns to accompany a song. **To be able to play with two pitched notes to invent musical patterns **To be able to use my voice expressively when singing and chanting familiar songs and rhymes.	Children at the expected level of development will: *Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. **Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and — when appropriate — try to move in time with music.	

Knowledge objectives taken from Development N	evelopment
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Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar (domestic roleplay)

Explore colour and colour mixing (self-portrait paintings) (Art)

Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear etc. (selfportraits)

Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details (self-portraits, new friends and family member drawings) (Art)

Listen with increased attention to sounds (Rhyme Time, daily songs) (Music)

Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings (The Little Red Hen story, friends Magical Me boxes, Diwali) (Music)

Remember and sing entire song (CHARANGA, rhyming assembly) (Music)

Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. (Music)

Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas. (Music)

Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls house etc. (Superhero and emergency services small world) (R.E)

Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park (police stations, fire stations, superhero city) (DT) (R.E.)

Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make (DT) (Art)

Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them (DT) (Art)

Join different materials and explore different textures. (Art)

Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. (DT) (Art)

Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. (Art)

Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear Etc. (Art) Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. (DT) (Art) (Music)

Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.

Explore and engage in

performing solo or in

groups. (Music)

music making and dance,

Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. (Music)

Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. (Music) (DT)

Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. (Music)

Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. (DT) (Computing) (Art)

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (DT) (Computing)

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. (Music)

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function (Art)

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used (Art) (DT)

Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. (Art) (DT) (Reading)

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher (Reading)

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and — when appropriate try to move in time with music (Music)

var exp	plore, use and refine a riety of artistic effects to press their ideas and elings. (Music)	AVAZ.	all	
sun	ng the pitch of a tone ng by another person itch match'). (Music)	JVV		
(mo up up)	ng the melodic shape oving melody, such as and down, down and) of familiar songs. lusic)			
	velop storylines in their etend play. (Reading)	1.000		



	Schemes used at Redwell within EYFS						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	Gymnastics	Dance	Body Management	Speed Agility	Manipulation and Coordination	Cooperate and Solve Problems	
PE- Real PE	I know how to adapt instructions to physical actions. I know how to develop take-off and landing position for jumps. I can transfer and move small equipment. I can move through and under apparatus. I can copy and repeat actions.	I can link colours to feelings. I know how to explore animal movements and levels. Replicate actions in larger groups. Sequence work. Explore leader or follower work.	I can list different ways to move. I can name different types of apparatus. I can work with others to move through hoops. I can reach, stretch, and retrieve objects. I can use steps, strides, bounce, hop, bridges and tunnels. I can travel over apparatus.	I know how to demo agility in variety of games. I can recognise and follow instructions. Perform fast and slow movements. Show control to stop and perform actions Experiment with starting and stopping positions.	I know how to coordinate limbs to carry out defined movements and actions. Replicate bilateral movements. Make contact with ball with legs and feet. Practice hop, step, jump sequence.	I know how to keep my heart rate high. I know different ways to travel. Work as an individual and part of a group to match. Travel and follow travel trails as an individual. Work cooperatively to form shapes.	
	Mel	My Stories	Everyone!	Our World	Big Bear Funk	Reflect, Rewind & Replay	
	Listening and responding to different styles of music	Listening and responding to different styles of music	Listening and responding to different styles of music	Listening and responding to different styles of music	Listening and appraising Funk music	Listen and Appraise Continue to embed the	
ıga	Embedding foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music	Embedding foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music	Embedding foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music	Embedding foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music	Embedding foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music using voices and instruments	foundations of the interrelated dimensions of music using voices and instruments	
- Charanga	Learning to sing or sing along with nursery rhymes and action songs	Learning to sing or sing along with nursery rhymes and action song	Learning to sing or sing along with nursery rhymes and action songs	Learning to sing or sing along with nursery rhymes and action songs	Learning to sing Big Bear Funk and revisiting other nursery rhymes and action	Sing and revisit nursery rhymes and action songs Play instruments within the	
Music-	Improvising leading to playing classroom instruments	Improvising leading to playing classroom instruments	Improvising leading to playing classroom instruments	Improvising leading to playing classroom	songs Playing instruments within the song	song Improvisation using voices and instruments	
	Share and perform the learning that has taken place	Share and perform the learning that has taken place	Singing and learning to play instruments within a song	instruments Singing and learning to play instruments within a song	Improvisation using voices and instruments Riff-based composition	Riff-based composition Share and perform the learning that has taken place	

					T	T	
			Share and perform the	Share and perform the	Share and perform the		
			learning that has taken	learning that has taken	learning that has taken		
		1	place	place	place		
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	Special People	Special People	Celebrations	Easter	Story Time	Special Places	
	Understand how to listen	Understand how to listen	Understand how to	Understand how to	Understand how to listen	Understand how to listen	
	carefully and why listening is	carefully and why listening	listen carefully and why	listen carefully and why	carefully and why listening	carefully and why listening is	
	important (C&L)	is important (C&L)	listening is important	listening is important	is important (C&L)	important (C&L)	
	Describe events in some	Describe events in some	(C&L)	(C&L)	Describe events in some	Describe events in some detail	
	detail (C&L)	detail (C&L)	Describe events in some	Describe events in some	detail (C&L)	(C&L)	
	Engage in story times (C&L)	Engage in story times	detail (C&L)	detail (C&L)	Engage in story times	Engage in story times (C&L)	
	Listen to and talk about	(C&L)	Engage in story times	Engage in story times	(C&L)	Learn new vocabulary (C&L)	
	stories to build familiarity	Listen to and talk about	(C&L)	(C&L)	Listen to and talk about	Ask questions to find out more	
	and understanding (C&L)	stories to build familiarity	Listen to and talk about	Listen to and talk about	stories to build familiarity	and to check they understand	
		· ·					
	Learn new vocabulary (C&L)	and understanding (C&L)	stories to build	stories to build	and understanding (C&L)	what has been said to them	
	Ask questions to find out	Learn new vocabulary	familiarity and	familiarity and	Learn new vocabulary	(C&L)	
	more and to check they	(C&L)	understanding (C&L)	understanding (C&L)	(C&L)	Use talk to help work out	
ш	understand what has been	Ask questions to find out	Learn new vocabulary	Learn new vocabulary	Ask questions to find out	problems and organise thinking	
Discovery R.E	said to them (C&L)	more and to check they	(C&L)	(C&L)	more and to check they	and activities explain how	
>	Use talk to help work out	understand what has been	Ask questions to find out	Ask questions to find out	understand what has been	things work and why they	
e e	problems and organise	said to them (C&L)	more and to check they	more and to check they	said to them (C&L)	might happen (C&L)	
2	thinking and activities	Use talk to help work out	understand what has	understand what has	Use talk to help work out	Listen carefully to rhymes and	
S	explain how things work and	problems and organise	been said to them (C&L)	been said to them (C&L)	problems and organise	songs, paying attention to how	
i.	why they might happen	thinking and activities	Use talk to help work	Use talk to help work	thinking and activities	they sound (C&L)	
	(C&L)	explain how things work	out problems and	out problems and	explain how things work		
R.E-	Retell the story once they	and why they might	organise thinking and	organise thinking and	and why they might	Build constructive and	
~	have developed a deep	happen (C&L)	activities explain how	activities explain how	happen (C&L)	respectful relationships (PSED)	
	familiarity with the text;	Retell the story once they	things work and why	things work and why	Retell the story once they	Express their feelings and	
	some as exact repetition and	have developed a deep	they might happen (C&L)	they might happen (C&L)	have developed a deep	consider the feelings of others	
	some in their own words	familiarity with the text;	Retell the story once	Retell the story once	familiarity with the text;	(PSED)	
						,	
	(C&L)	some as exact repetition	they have developed a	they have developed a	some as exact repetition	Think about the perspectives of	
		and some in their own	deep familiarity with the	deep familiarity with the	and some in their own	others (PSED)	
	Build constructive and	words (C&L)	text; some as exact	text; some as exact	words (C&L)	Identify and moderate their	
	respectful relationships		repetition and some in	repetition and some in		own feelings socially and	
	(PSED)	Build constructive and	their own words (C&L)	their own words (C&L)	Build constructive and	emotionally (PSED)	
	Express their feelings and	respectful relationships	4 / 2-		respectful relationships		
	consider the feelings of	(PSED)	Build constructive and	Build constructive and	(PSED)	Talk about members of their	
	others (PSED)	Express their feelings and	respectful relationships	respectful relationships	Express their feelings and	immediate family and	
	Think about the perspectives	consider the feelings of	(PSED)	(PSED)	consider the feelings of	community (UTW)	
	of others (PSED)	others (PSED)			others (PSED)		

	1						
	Identify and moderate their	Think about the	Express their feelings	Express their feelings	Think about the	Name and describe people	
	own feelings socially and	perspectives of others	and consider the	and consider the	perspectives of others	who are familiar to them	
	emotionally (PSED)	(PSED)	feelings of others (PSED)	feelings of others (PSED)	(PSED)	(UTW)	
		Identify and moderate	Think about the	Think about the	Identify and moderate	Understand that some places	
	Talk about members of their	their own feelings socially	perspectives of others	perspectives of others	their own feelings socially	are special to members of their	
	immediate family and	and emotionally (PSED)	(PSED)	(PSED)	and emotionally (PSED)	community (UTW)	
	community (UTW)		Identify and moderate	Identify and moderate		Recognise that people have	
	Name and describe people	Talk about members of	their own feelings	their own feelings	Talk about members of	different beliefs and celebrate	
	who are familiar to them	their immediate family and	socially and emotionally	socially and emotionally	their immediate family and	special times in different ways	
	(UTW)	community (UTW)	(PSED)	(PSED)	community (UTW)	(UTW)	
	Compare and contrast	Name and describe people			Name and describe people	Recognise some similarities	
	characters from stories,	who are familiar to them	Talk about members of	Talk about members of	who are familiar to them	and differences between life in	
	including figures from the	(UTW)	their immediate family	their immediate family	(UTW)	this country and life in other	
	past (UTW)	Compare and contrast	and community (UTW)	and community (UTW)	Compare and contrast	countries (UTW)	
	Recognise that people have	characters from stories,	Name and describe	Name and describe	characters from stories,	, ,	
	different beliefs and	including figures from the	people who are familiar	people who are familiar	including figures from the		
	celebrate special times in	past (UTW)	to them (UTW)	to them (UTW)	past (UTW)		
	different ways (UTW)	Recognise that people	Compare and contrast	Recognise that people	Understand that some		
		have different beliefs and	characters from stories,	have different beliefs	places are special to		
		celebrate special times in	including figures from	and celebrate special	members of their		
		different ways (UTW)	the past (UTW)	times in different ways	community (UTW)		
			Recognise that people	(UTW)	Recognise that people		
			have different beliefs	Understand the effect of	have different beliefs and		
			and celebrate special	changing seasons on the	celebrate special times in		
			times in different ways	natural world around	different ways (UTW)		
			(UTW)	them (UTW)	Recognise some		
			Understand the effect of	Recognise some	similarities and differences		
			changing seasons on the	similarities and	between life in this		
			natural world around	differences between life	country and life in other		
			them (UTW)	in this country and life in	countries (UTW)		
			Compare and contrast	other countries (UTW)	countries (or w)		
			characters from stories,	other countries (01W)			
			including figures from				
			the past (UTW)				
			Recognise some		-5		
			similarities and				
			differences between life				
			in this country and life in		Carlotte de la carlot		
	Myself & My Relationships:	Healthy and Safer	other countries (UTW)			Citizanahin	
1 a =			Healthy and Safer			Citizenship	
Cambridgeshire Primary Personal Development	Family and Friends	Lifestyles: Keeping Safe	Lifestyles:			• Who are the people who help	
ambridgeshire imary Persona Development	(this is covered throughout	What are some situations	Healthy Lifestyles • What things can I do			the state of the s	
Pel pn	EYFS transition phase)		what things can I do when I feel good and			to look after me and my	
i 스	Who are my special people	where I need to think	healthy?			school? (UTW- PP)	
dr fer sve	and why are they special to	about how to keep myself				How can I help to look after	
	me? (PSED-BR)	safer?	What can't I do when I The facility ill or not so			my school?	
_ <u>~</u>		Do I understand simple	am feeling ill or not so			How can I help to care for my	
		safety rules for when I am	healthy?			things at home?	

	Who is in my family and	at home, at school and	What can I do to help			Where do I live and what are	
	how do we care for each	when I am out and about?	keep my body healthy?			the different places and	
	other? BR	 What are the clues my 	(PSED-MS)			features in my neighbourhood?	
	 What is a friend and how 	body gives me if I am	Why are food and			(UTW-PCC)	
	can I be a good one? (PSED-	feeling unsafe? (PSED-MS)	drink good for us?			Who are the people who live	
	BR)	• Can I say 'No!' if I feel	(PSED-MS)			and work in my	
	How do I make new	unsafe or unsure about	How can I make			neighbourhood, including	
	friends? (PSED-BR)	something? (PSED-MS)	healthier choices about			people who help me? (UTW-	
	How can I respect my own	Can I ask for help and tell	food? (PSED-MS)			PP)	
	needs and the needs of	people who care for me if I	What is exercise is and			How can we look after the	
	others? (PSED-BR)	feel unsafe, worried or	why is it good for us?			local neighbourhood and keep	
	How can I make up with	upset? SR	Why are rest and sleep			it special for everybody?	
	friends when I have fallen	Who are the people who	good for us?			What do animals and plants	
	out with them? (PSED-BR)		good for us?			need to live and how can I help	
		help to keep me safe? PP				· ·	
	How does what I do affect	What goes on to and into				to take care of them?	
	others? (PSED-BR)	my body and who puts it				What is money and why do	
	Do I know what to do if	there? (PSED-MS)				we need it?	
	someone is unkind to me?	Why do people use					
	(PSED-SR)	medicines? (PSED-MS)	And the second				
		 What are the safety rules 					
		relating to medicines and					
		who helps me with these?					
		(PSED-MS)					
	My Self and My Relationships:			Healthy and Safer	Citizenship:		
	Beginning and Belonging			Lifestyles:	Identity and Diversity		
	How am I special and what			My Body and Growing Up	Who are the people in		
	is special about other people			What does my body	my class and how are we		
	in my class?			look like?	similar to and different		
	What have I learnt to do			 How has my body 	from each other? (UTW-		
	and what would I like to			changed as it has grown?	PCC)		
	learn next? (PSED-SR)			What can my body do?	 Who are the people in 		
	How do we welcome new			What differences and	my family, and who are the		
	people to our class?			similarities are there	people in other families?		
	What can I do to help			between our bodies?	What is especially		
101	everyone in our classroom			How can I look after	important to my family and		
RSE	feel safer and happier?			my body and keep it	me?		
	How can I play and work			clean? (PSED-MS)	What are some of the		
	' '			,	similarities and differences		
	well with others? (PSED-SR)			How am I learning to			
	• How can I show I am			take care of myself and	in the way people live their		
	listening to an adult? (PSED-			what do I still need help	lives? (UTW-PCC)		
	SR)			with? MS	What is life like in other		
	What can help me to			Who are the members	countries? (UTW-PCC)		
	follow instructions? (PSED-			of my family and trusted	How can we value		
	SR)			people who look after	different types of people		
				me?	including what they believe		
İ				How do I feel about	in and how they live their		
1				growing up?	lives?		

	How do we celebrate what we believe in and how is this different for different people? (UTW-PCC)
Prime Area: Personal, Social & Emotional Development: SR - Self Regulation MS - Managing Self BR Building Relationships Specific Area: Understanding the World: PP - Past and Present PCC - People, Culture and Communities	